

A heterotic benchmark model



Michael Ratz



Based on:

O. Lebedev, H.P. Nilles, S. Raby, S. Ramos-Sánchez, M. R.
P. Vaudrevange & A. Wingerter Phys. Rev. D 77, 046013 (2008)
& work in preparation

- ① Motivation
- ② A very brief review of local grand unification
- ③ Main part: a 'heterotic benchmark model'
- ④ Discussion

Challenges in top-down model building

- ☞ **longstanding task:** find 'the' (or 'a'?) realistic string compactification

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- ☞ **Main (technical) problem:**
Huge number of string theory vacua

Lerche, Lüst & Schellekens (1987)

Bousso & Polchinski (2000)

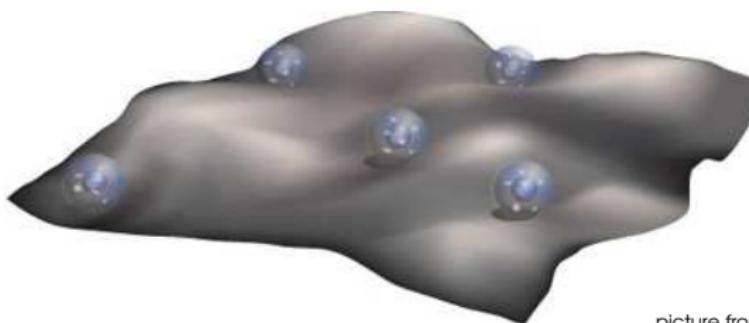
Challenges in top-down model building

- ☞ **longstanding task:** find 'the' (or 'a'?) realistic string compactification
- ☞ **Main (technical) problem:**
Huge number of string theory vacua
- ➡ String theory landscape

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Susskind (2003)



picture from www.nature.com

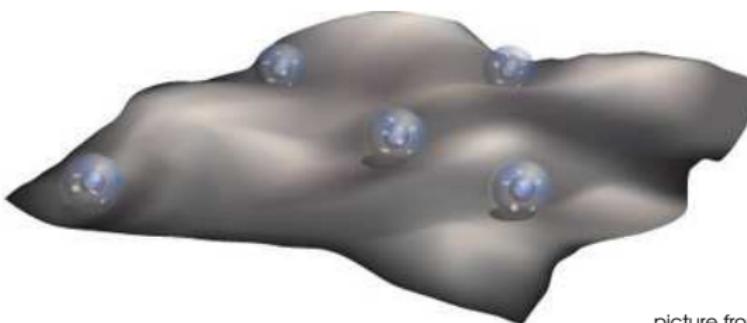
Challenges in top-down model building

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Huge number of string theory vacua
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picture from www.nature.com

- ☞ SM vacuum a priori as good as many others

The search for realistic string vacua

“Finding a realistic vacuum is similarly difficult as finding a golf ball in the Alps”

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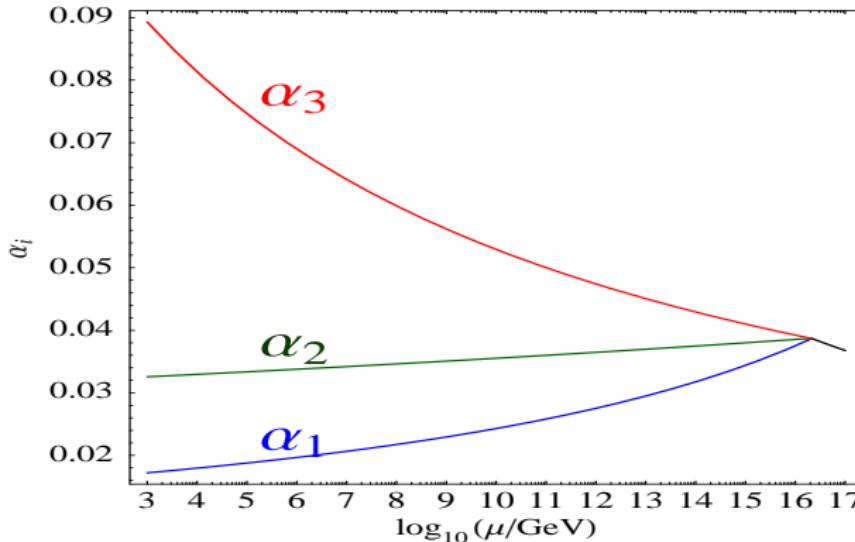


Our approach:

“First search for golf courses, and then for golf balls”

Search strategy: 'local GUTs'

- ⌚ MSSM gauge coupling unification @ $M_{\text{GUT}} \sim 10^{16} \text{ GeV}$



Search strategy: ‘local GUTs’

- ⌚ MSSM gauge coupling unification
- ⌚ One generation of observed matter fits into **16** of SO(10)

$$\text{SO}(10) \rightarrow \text{SU}(3) \times \text{SU}(2) \times \text{U}(1)_Y = G_{\text{SM}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{16} \rightarrow & (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{2})_{1/6} \oplus (\overline{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1})_{-2/3} \oplus (\overline{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1})_{1/3} \\ & \oplus (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_1 \oplus (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{-1/2} \oplus (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_0 \end{aligned}$$

Search strategy: 'local GUTs'

☺ MSSM gauge coupling unification

☺ **16** of **SO(10)**

☹ However: Higgs only as doublet(s)

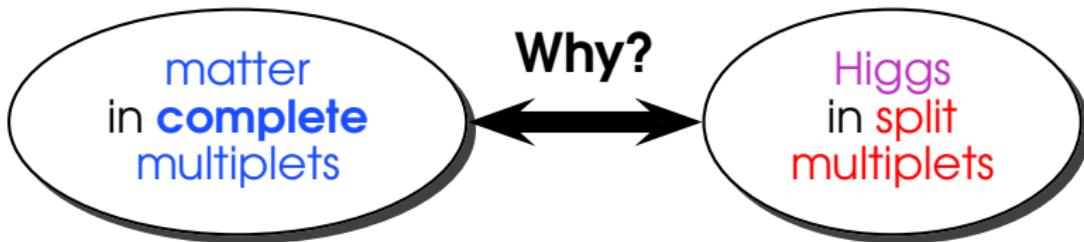
$$\mathbf{10} \rightarrow (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{1/2} \oplus (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{-1/2} \oplus (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1})_{-1/3} \oplus (\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1})_{1/3}$$

doublets: needed

triplets: excluded

Search strategy: 'local GUTs'

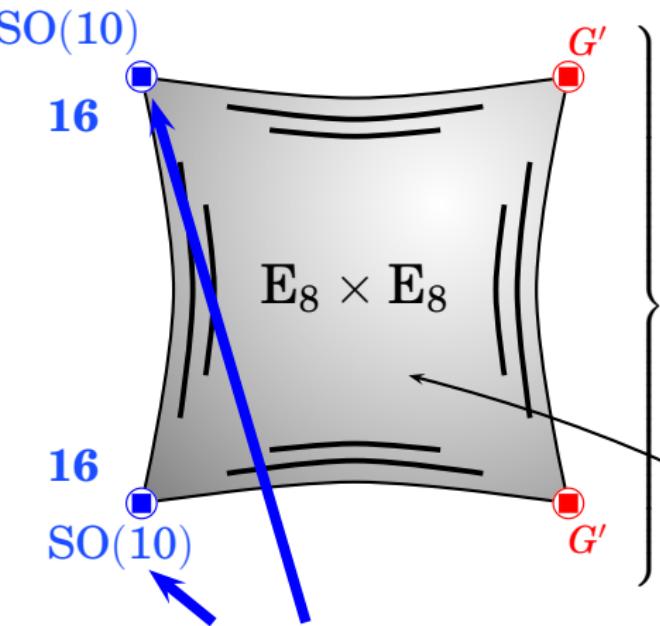
- ☺ MSSM gauge coupling unification
 - ☺ **16** of $SO(10)$
 - ☹ However: Higgs only as doublet(s)
- } ... we take these hints seriously



convincing answer:

'localized gauge groups'

Local grand unification (a specific realization)



Buchmüller, Hamaguchi, Lebedev, M.R. (2004-2006)
 Lebedev, Nilles, Raby, Ramos-Sánchez,
 M.R., Vaudrevange, Wingerter (2006-2007)

'low-energy'
effective theory

**standard
model**
as an inter-
section of
 $SO(10)$, G' ...
in $E_8 \times E_8$

2 SM generation(s):

localized in region with
 $SO(10)$ symmetry

Higgs doublets:

live in the 'bulk'

Higher-dimensional GUTs vs. heterotic orbifolds

top-down

→ Orbifold compactifications
of the heterotic string

Dixon, Harvey, Vafa, Witten (1985-86)
Ibáñez, Nilles, Quevedo (1987)
Ibáñez, Kim, Nilles, Quevedo (1987)
Font, Ibáñez, Nilles, Quevedo (1988)
Font, Ibáñez, Quevedo, Sierra (1990)

Katsuki, Kawamura, Kobayashi, Ohtsubo, Ono, Tanioka (1990)

- has UV completion
- automatically consistent
- explain representations

bottom-up

→ Orbifold GUTs

Kawamura (1999-2001)
Altarelli, Feruglio (2001)
Hall, Nomura (2001)
Hebecker, March-Russell (2001)
Asaka, Buchmüller, Covi (2001)
Hall, Nomura, Okui, Smith (2001)

- simple geometrical interpretation
- shares many features with 4D GUTs

combine both approaches

implement field-theoretic GUTs in
non-prime orbifold compactifications
of the heterotic string

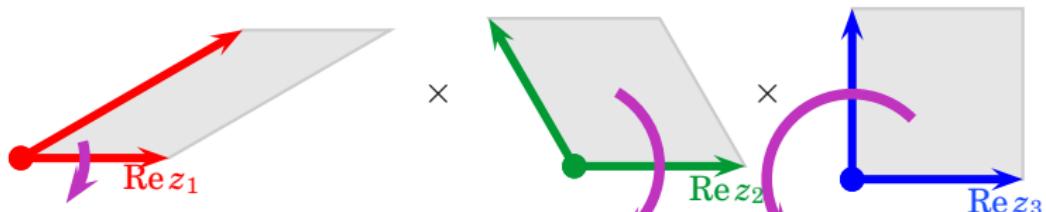
Kobayashi, Raby, Zhang (2004)
Förste, Nilles, Vaudrevange, Wingerter (2004)
Hebecker, Trapletti (2004)
Buchmüller, Hamaguchi, Lebedev, M.R. (2004-2006)
Faraggi, Förste, Timirgazin (2006)
Kim, Kyae (2006)
Lebedev, Nilles, Raby, Ramos-Sánchez,
M.R., Vaudrevange, Wingerter (2006-7)

A heterotic ‘benchmark’ model

Model definition and spectrum

O. Lebedev, H.P. Nilles, S. Raby, S. Ramos-Sánchez, M.R., P. Vaudrevange, A. Wingerter (2007)

- Input = geometry, shift & Wilson lines



$$V = \left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 \right) \left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{6}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$W_2 = \left(0, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 0, 0, 0 \right) \left(4, -3, -\frac{7}{2}, -4, -3, -\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{9}{2}, \frac{7}{2} \right)$$

$$W_3 = \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{6} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3}, 0, 0, \frac{2}{3}, 0, \frac{5}{3}, -2, 0 \right)$$

Model definition and spectrum

O. Lebedev, H.P. Nilles, S. Raby, S. Ramos-Sánchez, M.R., P. Vaudrevange, A. Wingerter (2007)

☞ Input = geometry, shift & Wilson lines

➡ Gauge group

$$\subset \text{SU}(5) \subset \text{SO}(10)$$

$$G = [\overbrace{\text{SU}(3) \times \text{SU}(2) \times \text{U}(1)_Y}^{} \times \text{U}(1)_{B-L}] \times [\text{SU}(4) \times \text{SU}(2)'] \times \text{U}(1)^7$$

GUT normalization

→ gauge coupling unification

$$t_Y = (0, 0, 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}) (0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)$$

$$t_{B-L} = (0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}) (0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0)$$

normalization not as in SO(10)

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➡ Spectrum

$$\text{spectrum} = 3 \times \text{generation} + \text{vector-like w.r.t. } G_{\text{SM}} \times \text{U}(1)_{B-L}$$

Spectrum @ orbifold point

#	irrep	label	#	irrep	label
3	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/6, 1/3)}$	q_i	3	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-2/3, -1/3)}$	\bar{u}_i
3	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1, 1)}$	\bar{e}_i	8	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, *)}$	m_i
$3 + 1$	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/3, -1/3)}$	\bar{d}_i	1	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/3, 1/3)}$	d_i
$3 + 1$	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, -1)}$	ℓ_i	1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, 1)}$	$\bar{\ell}_i$
1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, 0)}$	h_d	1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, 0)}$	h_u
6	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/3, 2/3)}$	$\bar{\delta}_i$	6	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/3, -2/3)}$	δ_i
14	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, *)}$	s_i^+	14	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, *)}$	s_i^-
16	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, 1)}$	\bar{n}_i	13	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, -1)}$	n_i
5	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{(0, 1)}$	$\bar{\eta}_i$	5	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{(0, -1)}$	η_i
10	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{(0, 0)}$	h_i	2	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{(0, 0)}$	y_i
6	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{4}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, *)}$	f_i	6	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \bar{\mathbf{4}}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, *)}$	\bar{f}_i
2	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{4}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, -1)}$	f_i^-	2	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \bar{\mathbf{4}}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, 1)}$	\bar{f}_i^+
4	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, \pm 2)}$	χ_i	32	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, 0)}$	s_i^0
2	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/6, 2/3)}$	\bar{v}_i	2	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/6, -2/3)}$	v_i

Spectrum @ orbifold point

#	irrep	label	#	irrep	label
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3	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1, 1)}$	\bar{e}_i	8	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, *)}$	m_i
$3 + 1$	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/3, -1/3)}$	\bar{d}_i	1	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/3, 1/3)}$	d_i
$3 + 1$	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, -1)}$	ℓ_i	1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, 1)}$	$\bar{\ell}_i$
1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, 0)}$	h_d	1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, 0)}$	h_u
6	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/3, 2/3)}$	$\bar{\delta}_i$	6	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/3, -2/3)}$	δ_i
14	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, *)}$	s_i^+	14	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, *)}$	s_i^-
16	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, 1)}$	\bar{n}_i	13	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, -1)}$	n_i
5	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{(0, 1)}$	$\bar{\eta}_i$	5	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{(0, -1)}$	η_i
10	(spectrum = 3 generations + vector-like)				
6	($\bar{\eta}_i = \bar{u}_i + \bar{d}_i + \bar{e}_i + \bar{\ell}_i + \bar{\delta}_i + \bar{s}_i^+ + \bar{s}_i^- + \bar{n}_i + \bar{\eta}_i$)				
2	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{4}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, -1)}$	f_i^-	2	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \bar{\mathbf{4}}, \mathbf{1})^{(0, *)}_{(1/2, 1)}$	\bar{f}_i^+
4	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, \pm 2)}$	χ_i	32	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, 0)}$	s_i^0
2	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/6, 2/3)}$	\bar{v}_i	2	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/6, -2/3)}$	v_i

Spectrum @ orbifold point

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3 + 1	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/3, -1/3)}$	\bar{d}_i	1	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/3, 1/3)}$	d_i
3 + 1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, -1)}$	ℓ_i	1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, 1)}$	$\bar{\ell}_i$
1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, 0)}$	h_d	1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, 0)}$	h_u
6	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/3, 2/3)}$	$\bar{\delta}_i$	6	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/3, -2/3)}$	δ_i
14	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, *)}$	s_i^+	14	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, *)}$	s_i^-
16	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, 1)}$	\bar{n}_i	13	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, -1)}$	n_i
5	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{(0, 1)}$	η_i	5	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{(0, -1)}$	η_i
10	(spectrum = 3 generations + vector-like)				
6	(
2	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{4}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, -1)}$	f_i^-	2	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \bar{\mathbf{4}}, \mathbf{1})^{(0, *)}_{(1/2, 1)}$	\bar{f}_i^+
4	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, \pm 2)}$	χ_i	32	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, 0)}$	s_i^0
2	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/6, 2/3)}$	\bar{v}_i	2	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/6, -2/3)}$	v_i

Spectrum @ orbifold point

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3	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1, 1)}$	\bar{e}_i	8	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, *)}$	m_i
$3 + 1$	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/3, -1/3)}$	\bar{d}_i	1	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/3, 1/3)}$	d_i
$3 + 1$	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, -1)}$	ℓ_i	1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, 1)}$	$\bar{\ell}_i$
1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, 0)}$	h_d	1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, 0)}$	h_u
6	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/3, 2/3)}$	$\bar{\delta}_i$	6	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/3, -2/3)}$	δ_i
14	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, *)}$	s_i^+	14	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, *)}$	s_i^-
16	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, 1)}$	\bar{n}_i	13	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, -1)}$	n_i
5	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{(0, 1)}$	$\bar{\eta}_i$	5	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{(0, -1)}$	η_i
10	spectrum = 3 generations + vector-like				
6	(
2	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{4}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, -1)}$	f_i^-	2	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \bar{\mathbf{4}}, \mathbf{1})^{(0, *)}_{(1/2, 1)}$	\bar{f}_i^+
4	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, +2)}$	χ_i	32	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, 0)}$	s_i^0
2	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/6, 2/3)}$	\bar{v}_i	2	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/6, -2/3)}$	v_i

Spectrum @ orbifold point

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3	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1, 1)}$	\bar{e}_i	8	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, *)}$	m_i
$3 + 1$	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/3, -1/3)}$	\bar{d}_i	1	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/3, 1/3)}$	d_i
$3 + 1$	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, -1)}$	ℓ_i	1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, 1)}$	$\bar{\ell}_i$
1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, 0)}$	h_d	1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, 0)}$	h_u
6	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/3, 2/3)}$	$\bar{\delta}_i$	6	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/3, -2/3)}$	δ_i
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16	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, 1)}$	\bar{n}_i	13	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, -1)}$	n_i
5	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})$	$B-L$ allows to discriminate			
10	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> between lepton and Higgs fields between neutrinos and other singlets 			
6	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{4}, \mathbf{1})$				
2	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{4}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, -1)}$	l_i	2	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{4}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, 1)}$	\bar{f}_i^+
4	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, \pm 2)}$	χ_i	32	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, 0)}$	s_i^0
2	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/6, 2/3)}$	\bar{v}_i	2	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/6, -2/3)}$	v_i

Spectrum @ orbifold point

#	irrep	label	#	irrep	label
3	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/6, 1/3)}$	q_i	3	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-2/3, -1/3)}$	\bar{u}_i
3	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1, 1)}$	\bar{e}_i	8	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, *)}$	m_i
$3 + 1$	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/3, -1/3)}$	\bar{d}_i	1	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/3, 1/3)}$	d_i
$3 + 1$	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, -1)}$	ℓ_i	1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, 1)}$	$\bar{\ell}_i$
1	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, 0)}$				h_u
6	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/3, 2/3)}$				δ_i
14	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, *)}$				s_i^-
16	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, 1)}$				n_i
5	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{(0, 1)}$	$\bar{\eta}_i$	5	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{(0, -1)}$	η_i
10	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{(0, 0)}$	h_i	2	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{(0, 0)}$	y_i
6	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{4}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, *)}$	f_i	6	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \bar{\mathbf{4}}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, *)}$	\bar{f}_i
2	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{4}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/2, -1)}$	f_i^-	2	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \bar{\mathbf{4}}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/2, 1)}$	\bar{f}_i^+
4	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, \pm 2)}$	χ_i	32	$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(0, 0)}$	s_i^0
2	$(\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(-1/6, 2/3)}$	\bar{v}_i	2	$(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}; \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{(1/6, -2/3)}$	v_i

crucial:

existence of SM singlets

with $q_{B-L} = \pm 2$

Decoupling of exotics vs. μ term

☞ Decoupling of **exotics**

$$X_i \bar{X}_j \quad \underbrace{s_{i_1} \dots s_{i_n}}_{\text{vev} \rightarrow \text{mass term}}$$

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We have checked that:

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→ Have obtained an MSSM vacuum with R -parity

Questions:

- ☞ Is there a reason why the **Higgs doublets'** mass is much smaller than the exotic's masses?
- ☞ Is there a reason why the **Higgs mass** is of the order of the weak scale?

A stringy solution to the μ problem

- ☞ The pair $\textcolor{violet}{h_u}$ - $\textcolor{violet}{h_d}$ are the only fields from U_3

A stringy solution to the μ problem

- ☞ The pair h_u - h_d are the only fields from U_3
- ☞ h_u h_d is ‘neutral’ w.r.t. to the selection rules:
 - gauge invariant
 - correspond to space group element $(1, 0)$
 - total R -charges are $(0, 0, -2) = (0, 0, 0) \pmod{(6, 3, 2)}$

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- ➡ As a consequence: for any monomial $\mathcal{M} = s_{i_1} \dots s_{i_N}$
$$\mathcal{M} h_u h_d \in \mathcal{W} \quad \curvearrowright \quad \mathcal{M} \in \mathcal{W}$$

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- ☞ We find (empirically, at order s^6)

$$F_i = 0 \quad \curvearrowright \quad \langle \mathcal{M} \rangle = 0 \quad \forall \text{monomials } \mathcal{M} \in \mathcal{W}$$

Note: at first glance, the conditions

$$F_i \stackrel{!}{=} 0 \quad \wedge \quad \mathcal{W} = 0$$

appear to be ‘overconstraining’.

However, the superpotential \mathcal{W} has to respect many symmetries (‘discrete string selection rules’).

↪ \mathcal{W} is not a generic (gauge invariant) polynomial of the fields.

A stringy solution to the μ problem

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- ➡ At the perturbative level

$$\langle \mathcal{W} \rangle = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad \mu = \frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{W}}{\partial h_u \partial h_d} = 0$$

... and all **exotics** are **massive** ($m_{\text{exotics}} \sim \sqrt{\text{Fl-term}} \sim M_{\text{GUT}}$)

A stringy solution to the μ problem

Note: these features are not ‘put in by hand’, but just happen to arise in vacua with unbroken standard model gauge symmetry and R -parity

there are several comparable models in the Mini-Landscape

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Stringy solutions to the μ problem - literature

- ☞ There exist proposals for precisely this situation

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① μ from \mathcal{W}

Casas, Muñoz (1993)

... the relation $\mathcal{W} \supset \mathcal{W}_0 \mathbf{h}_u \mathbf{h}_d$ has been assumed

↷ the b (or $B \mu$) term is $2\mu m_{3/2}$

where b is the coefficient of $\mathbf{h}_u \mathbf{h}_d$, i.e.

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -(|\mu|^2 + m_{\mathbf{h}_u}^2) |\mathbf{h}_u|^2 - (|\mu|^2 + m_{\mathbf{h}_d}^2) |\mathbf{h}_d|^2 - b (\mathbf{h}_u \mathbf{h}_d + \text{c.c.})$$

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② μ from K

Antoniadis, Gava, Narain, Taylor (1994)

Brignole, Ibáñez, Muñoz (1995-1997)

see also the recent similar discussion by Hebecker, March-Russell, Ziegler

$$K \supset -\log \left[\left(T_3 + \overline{T}_3 \right) \left(Z_3 + \overline{Z}_3 \right) - \left(h_u + \overline{h}_d \right) \left(\overline{h}_u + h_d \right) \right]$$

The equation is enclosed in a large bracket. Two arrows point from the 'Kähler modulus' box to the terms $(T_3 + \overline{T}_3)$ and $(Z_3 + \overline{Z}_3)$. Another two arrows point from the 'complex structure modulus' box to the terms $(h_u + \overline{h}_d)$ and $(\overline{h}_u + h_d)$.

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- ☞ Model allows to use both mechanisms (simultaneously!)
- ☞ ‘Combinationtion’ of both mechanisms appears phenomenologically viable

Brümmmer et al. (in preparation)

Gauge-Top unification

- ☞ Untwisted sector ($=$ internal components of the gauge bosons)

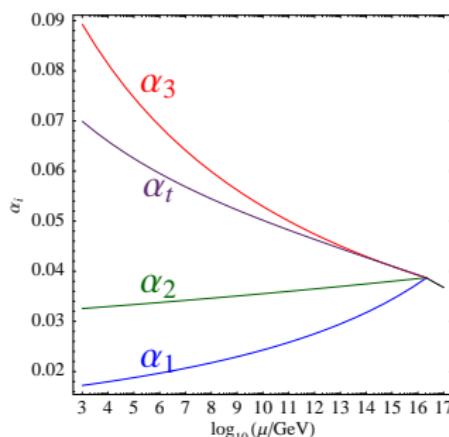
	field-theoretic description	state
U_1	$\sim A_5 + iA_6$	$\bar{u}_1 + \dots$
U_2	$\sim A_7 + iA_8$	$q_1 + \dots$
U_3	$\sim A_9 + iA_{10}$	$h_u + \dots$

Renormalizable coupling

$y_t u_1 q_1 h_u$

$$y_t \simeq g @ M_{\text{comp}}$$

- ☞ all other Yukawa couplings are suppressed (i.e. appear at higher order)



See-saw couplings

☞ see-saw couplings: $W_{\text{see-saw}} = \mathbf{Y}_v^{ij} h_u \ell_i \bar{\nu}_j + \mathbf{M}_{ij} \bar{\nu}_i \bar{\nu}_j$



See-saw couplings

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singlet

See-saw couplings

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 - ☞ in string models $\textcolor{red}{M}$, $\textcolor{violet}{Y}_{\nu} \sim \langle \textcolor{green}{s}^n \rangle$
 - ➡ see-saw mass matrix
- $$W_{\text{see-saw}} \xrightarrow{\textcolor{green}{h}_{\textcolor{teal}{u}} \rightarrow \textcolor{green}{v}} (\nu, \bar{\nu}) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & y_{\nu} \textcolor{green}{v} \\ y_{\nu} \textcolor{green}{v} & \textcolor{red}{M} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \nu \\ \bar{\nu} \end{pmatrix} \simeq \frac{y_{\nu}^2 \textcolor{green}{v}^2}{\textcolor{red}{M}} \nu \nu + \textcolor{red}{M} \bar{\nu} \bar{\nu}$$

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➡ naive GUT expectation:
 $m_{\nu} \sim (100 \text{ GeV})^2 / 10^{16} \text{ GeV} \sim 10^{-3} \text{ eV}$

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$$W_{\text{see-saw}} \xrightarrow{h_u \rightarrow v} (\nu, \bar{\nu}) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & y_{\nu} v \\ y_{\nu} v & M \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \nu \\ \bar{\nu} \end{pmatrix} \simeq \frac{y_{\nu}^2 v^2}{M} \nu \nu + M \bar{\nu} \bar{\nu}$$

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... suspiciously close to observed values

$$\sqrt{\Delta m_{\text{atm}}^2} \simeq 0.04 \text{ eV} \quad \& \quad \sqrt{\Delta m_{\text{sol}}^2} \simeq 0.008 \text{ eV}$$

See-saw neutrinos from the heterotic string

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$$\mathcal{M}_{\bar{\nu}\bar{\nu}} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{M}_{\bar{n}\bar{n}} & \mathcal{M}_{n\bar{n}}^T \\ \mathcal{M}_{n\bar{n}} & \mathcal{M}_{nn} \end{pmatrix}$$

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$$Y_n = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \tilde{s}^3 & \tilde{s}^3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \tilde{s}^6 & \tilde{s}^6 & \tilde{s}^6 & \tilde{s}^6 & \tilde{s}^4 & \tilde{s}^4 & \tilde{s}^4 & \tilde{s}^4 & \tilde{s}^4 & \tilde{s}^4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \tilde{s}^3 & \tilde{s}^3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \tilde{s}^6 & \tilde{s}^6 & \tilde{s}^6 & \tilde{s}^6 & \tilde{s}^4 & \tilde{s}^4 & \tilde{s}^4 & \tilde{s}^4 & \tilde{s}^4 & \tilde{s}^4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

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bottom-line:

Y_ν and M exist with M & $m_\nu = v^2 Y_\nu^T M^{-1} Y_\nu$ having full rank

Heterotic see-saw

W. Buchmüller, K. Hamaguchi, O. Lebedev, M.R. (2006)

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- ☞ there are $\mathcal{O}(100)$ neutrinos (= R -parity odd SM singlets)

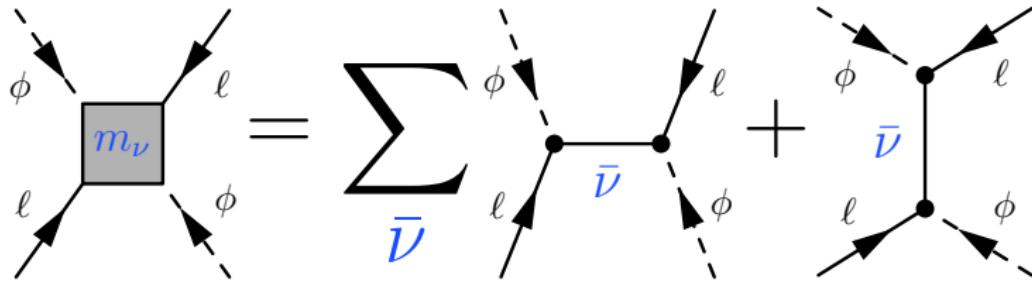
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- effective suppression of the see-saw scale

$$m_\nu \sim \frac{v^2}{M_*}$$

$M_* \sim \frac{M_{\text{GUT}}}{10 \dots 100}$

... seems consistent with observation
 $(\sqrt{\Delta m_{\text{atm}}^2} \simeq 0.04 \text{ eV} \text{ & } \sqrt{\Delta m_{\text{sol}}^2} \simeq 0.008 \text{ eV})$

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Main conclusion:

See-saw is a **generic feature** in heterotic MSSM vacua

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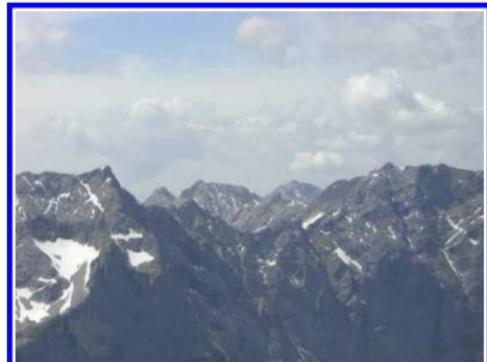
See-saw is a generic feature in heterotic MSSM vacua

- ☞ Note: in \mathbb{Z}_3 orbifolds one arrives at a different conclusion

cf. Giedt, Kane, Langacker, Nelson (2005)

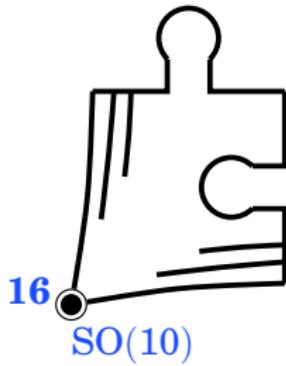
Summary of search strategy

- 👉 We started analyzing the heterotic orbifold landscape



Summary of search strategy

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- 👉 The concept of 'local grand unification' has lead us to beautiful spots



Summary of features

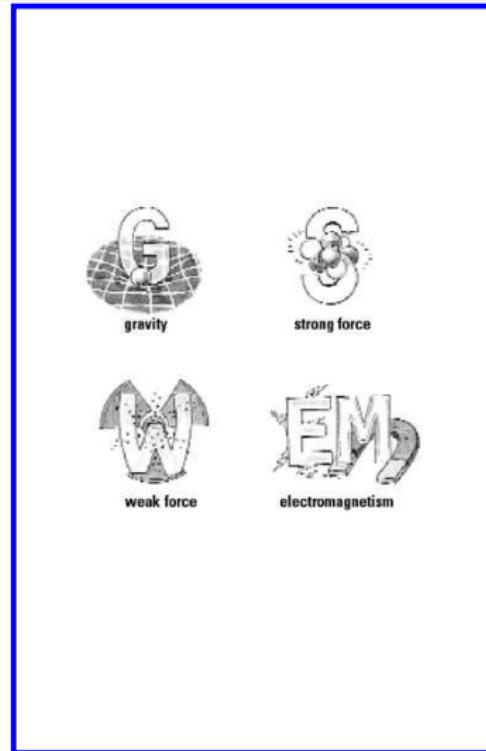
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No
exotics



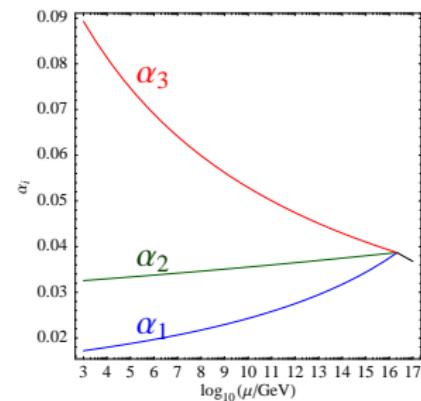
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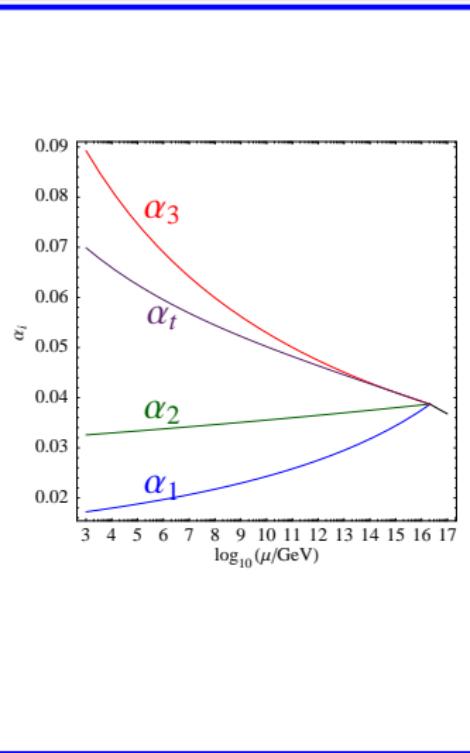
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- ③ unification



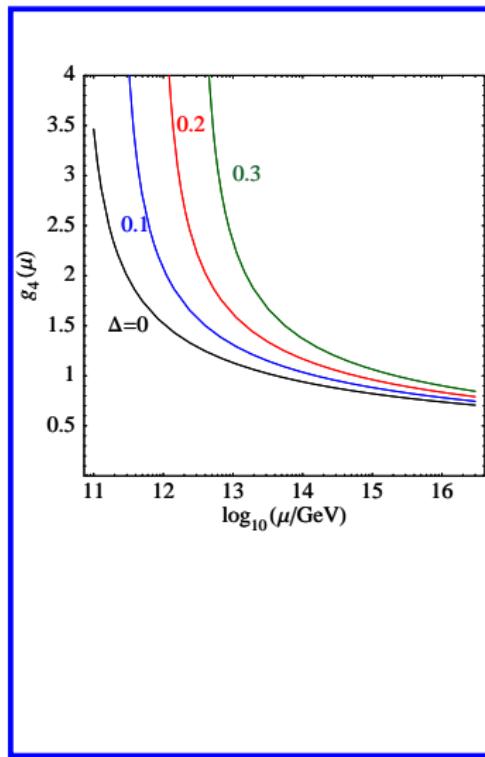
Summary of features

- ① $3 \times \mathbf{16}$ + Higgs + nothing
- ② $SU(3) \times SU(2) \times U(1)_Y \times G_{\text{hid}}$
- ③ unification
- ④ $y_t \simeq g$ @ M_{GUT} & potentially realistic flavor structures à la Froggatt-Nielsen



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~~$\bar{u}\bar{d}$~~ ~~$\bar{q}\bar{d}$~~
 ~~$\bar{l}\bar{e}$~~ ~~$\bar{l}\bar{\phi}$~~

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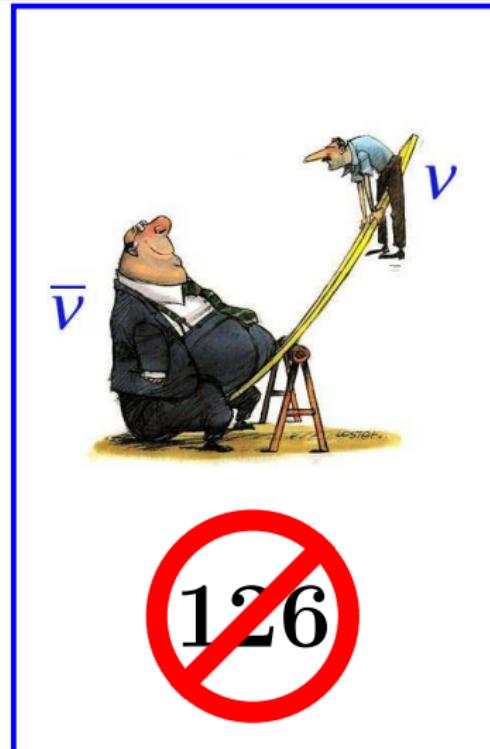
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i.e. well-known solutions to the μ -problem are automatically realized in explicit models

$$\mu \sim \langle \mathcal{W} \rangle$$

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- ⑦ solution to the μ -problem
- ⑧ see-saw



**Thank you
very much!**