## MATH423 - Introduction to String Theory Set Work: Sheet 9

1a. Compute the commutation relations

$$[L_m,\alpha_n^{\nu}]$$
.

The basic commutations relations and the definition of the  $L_m$  are given in the lecture notes.

b.

Evaluate

$$[L_m, x_0^{\mu}]$$
.

 $\mathbf{c}$ 

Show that in the case  $m + n \neq 0$ 

$$[L_m, L_n] = (m-n)L_{m+n} .$$

Note that you can use here the result from part a.

d.

Consider the state

$$L_{-2}|0> = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{p} \alpha_{-2-p} \cdot \alpha_{p}|0>$$

and evaluate its norm

$$||L_{-2}||0>||$$

**e.** In the case with m + n = 0

$$[L_m, L_n] = (m-n)L_{m+n} + A(m)\delta_{m+n} ,$$

A(m) is the central charge. Consider the case with m=2; m+n=0. Evaluate the expectation value

$$<0|[L_2,L_{-2}]|0>$$

and the value of A(2) using the results from **d**.

- **e.** Similarly, Show that A(0) = A(1) = 0.
- f. The Jacobi identity for operators A, B, and C is

$$[A, [B, C]] + [B, [C, A]] + [C, [A, B]] = 0$$

Consider the Jacobi identity with  $A, B, C = L_1, L_{-1-n}, L_n$ . Using the commutation relations for the Virasoro operators show that

$$(2n+1)A(1) - (n+2)A(n) - (1-n)A(n+1) = 0.$$

Using A(1) = 0 derive a recursion relation for the central charge A(n).

Show that the solution with

$$A(n) = \frac{1}{12}cn(n+1)(n-1)$$

Satisfies the recursion relation and use the result from e to fix c.

 ${f 2.}$  Due to normal-ordering ambiguities, the central extension of the Virasoro algebra has the form

$$[L_m, L_n] = (m-n)L_{m+n} + A(m)\delta_{m+n,0},$$

- (a) Show that if  $A(1) \neq 0$  it is possible to change the definition of  $L_0$  by adding a constant, so that A(1) = 0.
- (b) For A(1)=0 show that the generators  $L_0$  and  $L_{\pm 1}$  form a closed algebra.
- (c) Use the Jacobi identity to derive a recursion relation for the coefficients A(m). You may assume that A(2) is given.