## MATH423 - Introduction to String Theory Set Work: Sheet 9

1a. Compute the commutation relations

 $[L_m, \alpha_n^{\nu}]$ .

The basic commutations relations and the definition of the  $L_m$  are given in the lecture notes.

**b.** Evaluate

$$[L_m, x_0^{\mu}]$$
.

c.

Show that in the case  $m + n \neq 0$ 

$$[L_m, L_n] = (m-n)L_{m+n} .$$

Note that you can use here the result from part **a**. **d**.

Consider the state

$$L_{-2}|0\rangle = \frac{1}{2}\sum_{p} \alpha_{-2-p} \cdot \alpha_{p}|0\rangle$$

and evaluate its norm

$$||L_{-2}||0>||$$

**e.** In the case with m + n = 0

$$[L_m, L_n] = (m - n)L_{m+n} + A(m)\delta_{m+n} ,$$

A(m) is the central charge. Consider the case with m = 2; m+n = 0. Evaluate the expectation value

$$< 0|[L_2, L_{-2}]|0>$$

and the value of A(2) using the results from **d**.

e. Similarly, Show that A(0) = A(1) = 0.

f. The Jacobi identity for operators A, B, and C is

$$[A, [B, C]] + [B, [C, A]] + [C, [A, B]] = 0$$

Consider the Jacobi identity with  $A, B, C = L_1, L_{-1-n}, L_n$ . Using the commutation relations for the Virasoro operators show that

$$(2n+1)A(1) - (n+2)A(n) - (1-n)A(n+1) = 0$$

. Using A(1) = 0 derive a recursion relation for the central charge A(n).

Show that the solution with

$$A(n) = \frac{1}{12}cn(n+1)(n-1)$$

Satisfies the recursion relation and use the result from  $\mathbf{e}$  to fix c.