MATH423 - Introduction to String Theory Set Work: Sheet 7

1.

The equations of motion for a relativistic string in the conformal gauge are

$$(\partial_0^2 - \partial_1^2)X^{\mu} = 0.$$

The solutions must satisfy the constraints

$$\partial_0 X^{\mu} \partial_1 X_{\mu} = 0 , \quad \partial_0 X^{\mu} \partial_0 X_{\mu} + \partial_1 X^{\mu} \partial_1 X_{\mu} = 0$$

We consider open strings with boundary conditions

(a) Show that the equations of motions, the constraints and the boundary conditions are satisfied by

$$X^{0} = L\sigma^{0}$$

$$X^{1} = L\cos\sigma^{1}\cos\sigma^{0}$$

$$X^{2} = L\cos\sigma^{1}\sin\sigma^{0}$$

$$X^{i} = 0 \text{ for } i > 2$$

Explain in words how the string moves in this solution.

- (b) Compute the mass, momentum and angular momentum of the string
- (c) Compute the speed of the endpoints of string. Explain why the result you find holds for any solution of the open string theory.

2.

The equations of motion for a relativistic string in the conformal gauge are

$$(\partial_0^2 - \partial_1^2)X^\mu = 0$$

Solutions must satisfy the constraints

$$\partial_0 X^{\mu} \partial_1 X_{\mu} = 0 , \quad \partial_0 X^{\mu} \partial_0 X_{\mu} + \partial_1 X^{\mu} \partial_1 X_{\mu} = 0$$

We consider closed strings with boundary conditions

$$X^{\mu}(\sigma^0, \sigma^1) = X^{\mu}(\sigma^0, \sigma^1 + \pi)$$

1. Show that equations of motion and constraints are solved by

$$X^{0} = 2R\sigma^{0}$$

$$X^{1} = R\cos(2\sigma^{1})\cos(2\sigma^{0})$$

$$X^{2} = R\sin(2\sigma^{1})\cos(2\sigma^{0})$$

$$X^{i} = 0 \text{ for } i > 2$$

- 2. Describe in words how the closed string moves.
- 3. Compute the length, the mass and the momentum of the string.
- 4. Show that the string is at rest at time $X^0 = 0$. Express the total energy in terms of its length at time $X^0 = 0$ and interpret the result.