MATH425 - Quantum Field Theory Set Work: Sheet 5

1. Show that

$$[\gamma^{\mu}, \gamma_{\lambda}\gamma_{\rho}] = 2(\delta^{\mu}{}_{\lambda}\gamma_{\rho} - \delta^{\mu}{}_{\rho}\gamma_{\lambda}).$$

Hence check that

$$\Sigma_{\lambda\rho} = \frac{i}{8} [\gamma_{\lambda}, \gamma_{\rho}]$$

is a solution of

$$\frac{1}{2}(\delta^{\mu}{}_{\lambda}\gamma_{\rho}-\delta^{\mu}{}_{\rho}\gamma_{\lambda})=i[\gamma^{\mu},\Sigma_{\lambda\rho}].$$

2. Defining $\gamma^5 = i\gamma^0\gamma^1\gamma^2\gamma^3$, show that

$$\begin{split} \gamma^{5\dagger} =& \gamma^5 \\ \{\gamma^5, \gamma^\mu\} =& 0. \end{split}$$

- **3.** By inserting $(\gamma^{\mu})^2 = 1$ for some $\mu = 0, 1, 2, 3$, write each of $\gamma^0 \gamma^1 \gamma^2$ and $\gamma^0 \gamma^1 \gamma^3$ as a product $\gamma^5 \gamma^{\nu}$ for some $\nu = 0, 1, 2, 3$.
- 4. Show that

$$\operatorname{tr}[\gamma_{\mu}\gamma_{\nu}] = 4\eta_{\mu\nu}.$$

Now show that

$$\gamma_{\mu}\gamma_{\nu}\gamma_{\rho}\gamma_{\sigma} = 2\eta_{\mu\nu}\gamma_{\rho}\gamma_{\sigma} - 2\eta_{\mu\rho}\gamma_{\nu}\gamma_{\sigma} + 2\eta_{\mu\sigma}\gamma_{\nu}\gamma_{\rho} - \gamma_{\nu}\gamma_{\rho}\gamma_{\sigma}\gamma_{\mu}.$$

Hence show that

$$\operatorname{tr}[\gamma_{\mu}\gamma_{\nu}\gamma_{\rho}\gamma_{\sigma}] = 4[\eta_{\mu\nu}\eta_{\rho\sigma} - \eta_{\mu\rho}\eta_{\nu\sigma} + \eta_{\mu\sigma}\eta_{\nu\rho}]$$